1. What feature sets fish apart from other water-dwelling animals?
   a) Gills  b) Backbone  c) Two-Chambered Heart  
   d) Three Chambered Heart  e) None of the above

2. What’s the proper term for the study of fish?
   a) Piscatory  b) Ichthyology  c) Fishology  
   d) Aquaculture  e) Zoology  f) None of the above

3. Which of the following is true about fish scales?
   a) All fish are covered in scales  b) Fish scales do not overlap  
   c) Older fish have larger scales  d) Newer fish have smaller scales  
   e) None of the above

4. Which part of a fish’s body does not help enhance its hearing?
   a) Gas Bladder  b) Lateral Line  c) Lungs  
   d) Gills  e) None of the above

5. What is the largest fish?
   a) Whale Shark  b) Basking Shark  c) Giant Catfish  
   d) Swordfish  e) None of the above

6. What is the fastest fish in the ocean?
   a) Swordfish  b) Sailfish  c) Blue Marlin  
   d) Giant Catfish  e) None of the above

7. Which fish has the longest migration route?
   a) Salmon  b) Bluefin Tuna  c) Blue Marlin  
   d) European Eel  e) None of the above

8. What’s the main difference between the shark’s class of fish and other fish classes?
   a) Sharks are larger than other fish  b) Sharks are carnivorous  
   c) Sharks have skeletons made out of cartilage  d) None of the above

9. What type of “fish” was a recent household fad in the United States?
   a) Goldfish  b) Clown Fish  c) Singing Fish  
   d) None of the above

10. How far can flying fish glide in the air?
   a) 5 Feet (1.5 Meters)  b) 20 Feet (6 Meters)  
    c) 50 Feet (15 Meters)  d) None of the above
11. The fish that can breathe out of water.
   a) Lungfish  b) Stonefish  c) Cat Fish  d) None of the above

12. It is used to catch turtles in India. They are tied to a line, released into the sea. When they attach themselves to a turtle, both are pulled in. Name the fish.
   a) Stonefish  b) Suckerfish  c) Star Fish  d) None of the above

13. They catch insects sitting on leaves. The fish swims just below the insect. Then it spits water straight up at the insect which falls into the water.
   a) Flying fish  b) Archer fish  c) Gliding Fish  d) None of the above

14. They are born in freshwater rivers in Europe and North America. After several years they move into the sea and grow there for several years. Then they return to the same stream that they were born in, to spawn.
   a) Lung Fish  b) Cuttlefish  c) Salmon  d) All of the above  e) None of the above

15. The fish which is the most venomous found in the seas.
   a) Catla  b) Eel  c) Stonefish  d) None of the above

16. When threatened, this fish can inflate its body like a balloon.
   a) Puffer fish  b) Pomfret  c) Star Fish  d) None of the above

17. The primitive fish found in the Western Indian Ocean and was thought to be extinct until a live one was discovered in 1938.
   a) Plaice  b) Coelacanth  c) All of the above  d) None of the above

18. The only vertebrate whose blood does not contain haemoglobin.
   a) Ice fish  b) Milkfish  c) All of the above  d) None of the above

19. If they are threatened, they release a dark, inky cloud into the water to escape. The black 'ink' was earlier used as sepia dye by artists.
   a) The Mandarin fish  b) Lung Fish  c) The Cuttlefish  d) None of the above

20. It has a flap of skin attached to a long spine on top of their head. The flap looks like a piece of food and it is bioluminescent. This acts like bait and the fish snaps up any fish which try to eat this 'food'.
   a) Angler fish  b) Hilsa  c) Lata Fish  d) None of the above

Answers:
1.c, 2.b, 3.c, 4.d, 5.a, 6.b, 7.d, 8.c, 9.c, 10.b, 11.a, 12.b, 13.b, 14.c, 15.c, 16.a, 17.b, 18.a, 19.c, 20.a

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